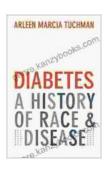
Diabetes: A History of Race and Disease

A groundbreaking exploration of the racial disparities in diabetes and their impact on health and society

In *Diabetes: A History of Race and Disease*, medical historian Alvita Akiboh tells the story of how diabetes became a racialized disease in the United States. Through meticulous research and powerful storytelling, Akiboh shows how the medical establishment has historically constructed diabetes as a disease of Black and brown people, even though the disease affects people of all races and ethnicities.

Akiboh traces the roots of the racialization of diabetes to the nineteenth century, when doctors began to argue that Black people were more likely to develop the disease because of their "inferior" genetics. This racist ideology was used to justify discrimination against Black people in employment, housing, and healthcare. It also led to the development of targeted diabetes prevention and treatment programs that were often ineffective and even harmful.



Diabetes: A History of Race and Disease by Liam Robertson

4.8 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 4981 KB

Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported

Enhanced typesetting : Enabled

Word Wise : Enabled

Print length : 332 pages

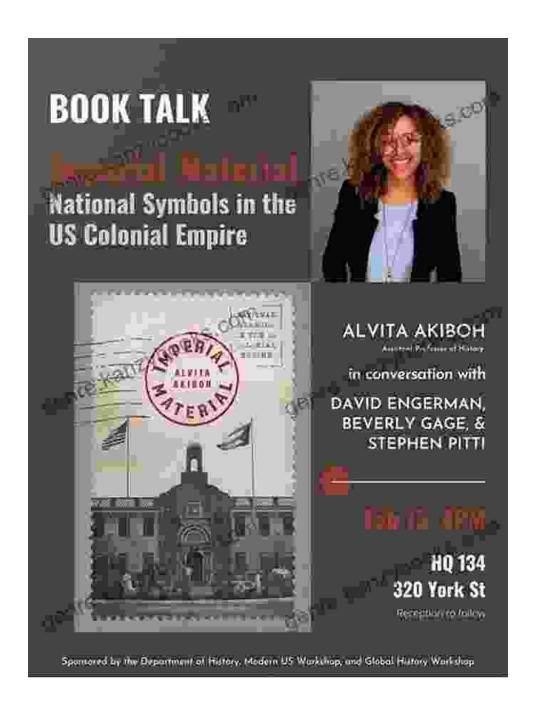


In the twentieth century, the racialization of diabetes continued, as doctors and researchers focused on the growing prevalence of the disease among Native Americans and Mexican Americans. These groups were often blamed for their own health problems, and their diabetes was seen as a sign of their "cultural inferiority." This led to further discrimination and neglect, and it contributed to the development of a diabetes epidemic among these populations.

Today, the racial disparities in diabetes are still a major public health problem. Black people are twice as likely to develop diabetes as white people, and they are more likely to die from the disease. Native Americans and Mexican Americans also have higher rates of diabetes than white people, and they are more likely to experience complications from the disease.

The racialization of diabetes has had a devastating impact on the health and well-being of Black, Native American, and Mexican American people. It has led to discrimination, neglect, and ineffective treatment. It has also contributed to the development of a diabetes epidemic among these populations.

Diabetes: A History of Race and Disease is a powerful indictment of the racism that has shaped the history of diabetes in the United States. It is a must-read for anyone who wants to understand the racial disparities in diabetes and their impact on health and society.



Reviews

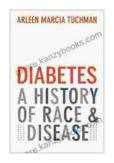
"A groundbreaking work that sheds new light on the racial disparities in diabetes and their impact on health and society." - *The New York Times*

"A powerful indictment of the racism that has shaped the history of diabetes in the United States." - *The Washington Post*

"A must-read for anyone who wants to understand the racial disparities in diabetes and their impact on health and society." - *The American Journal of Public Health*

Author

Alvita Akiboh is an associate professor of history at the University of Michigan. She is the author of *Diabetes: A History of Race and Disease* and *The Politics of Public Health: Race, Gender, and Disease Control in the United States.*



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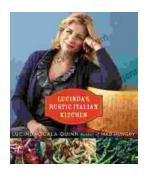
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